Key Features



- 50 Ohm Impedance
- 0.2 ~ 0.65 GHz
- 0.60 dB Noise Figure
- 29.0 dBm Output IP₃
- 23.0 dB Gain
- +/-0.50 dB Gain Flatness
- 16.0 dBm P_{1dB}
- 1.35:1 VSWR
- Single Power Supply
- >34 Years MTBF
- Unconditional Stable
- RoHS compliant

Product Description



WBA0205A integrates WanTcom proprietary low noise amplifier technology, high frequency micro electronic assembly techniques, and high reliability design to realize optimum low noise figure, wideband, high linearity, and unconditional stable performances together. With single DC power operation, the amplifier has optimal input and output matching in the specified frequency range at 50-Ohm impedance system. The amplifier has field replaceable SMA connectorized Gold plated WP-11 housing.

The amplifier is designed to meet the rugged standard of MIL-STD-202.

Applications

- Mobile Infrastructures
- CATV
- Pager
- VHF & UHF
- Measurement
- Fixed Wireless



Specifications

Summary of the electrical specifications at room temperature, 21 ^oC

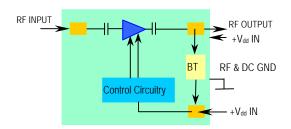
Index	Testing Item	Symbol	Test Constraints		Nom	Max	Unit	
1	Gain	S ₂₁	0.2 – 0.65 GHz	21.5	23	24.5	dB	
2	Gain Variation	ΔG	0.2 – 0.65 GHz		+/- 0.5	+/-0.75	dB	
3	Input VSWR	SWR ₁	0.2 – 0.65 GHz		1.35:1	1.5:1	Ratio	
4	Output VSWR	SWR ₂	0.2 – 0.65 GHz		1.35:1	1.5:1	Ratio	
5	Reverse Isolation	S ₁₂	0.2 – 0.65 GHz		25		dB	
6	Noise figure	NF	0.2 – 0.65 GHz		0.6	0.8	dB	
7	Output Power 1dB Compression Point	P _{1dB}	0.2 – 0.65 GHz	13	16		dBm	
8	Output-Third-Order Interception Point	IP ₃	Two-Tone, P _{out} +0 dBm each, 1 MHz separation	25	29		dBm	
9	Current Consumption	I _{dd}	V _{dd} = +5 V		35	40	mA	
10	Power Supply Voltage	V _{dd}	WBA0205A	+4.7	+5	+5.3	V	
			WBA0205B	+7.0		+25		
11	Thermal Resistance	R _{th,c}	Junction to case			220	°C/W	
12	Operating Temperature	To		-40		+85	°C	
13	Maximum CW RF Input Power	PINI MAY	DC = 6 GHz			10	dBm	

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	Units	Ratings	
DC Power Supply Voltage	V	-0.5, 6.0 (+25V for WBA0205B)	
Drain Current	mA	80	
Total Power Dissipation	mW	400	
CW RF Input Power	dBm	10	
Channel Temperature	°C	150	
Storage Temperature	°C	-55 ~ 125	
Operating Temperature	°C	-40 ~ 85	
Thermal Resistance	°C/W	220	

Operation of this device above any one of these parameters may cause permanent damage.

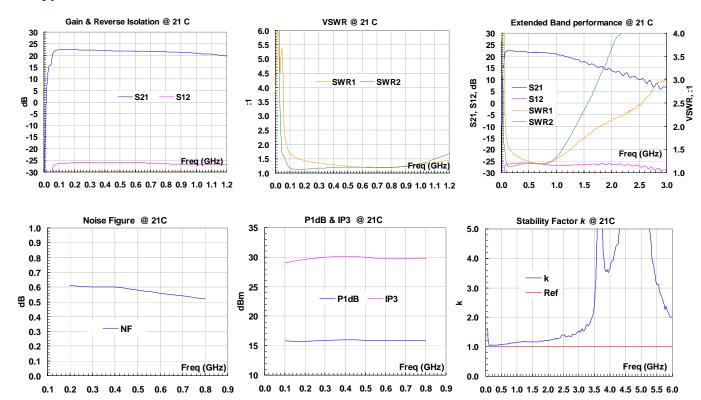
Functional Block Diagram



Ordering Information

Model Number	WBA0205A	WBA0205ABT	WBA0205B	WBA0205BBT	
Feature	$V_{dd} = +5.0V$	With bias-T at Output	$V_{dd} = +7.0 \sim +25.0 \text{V}$	With bias-T at Output	

Typical Data

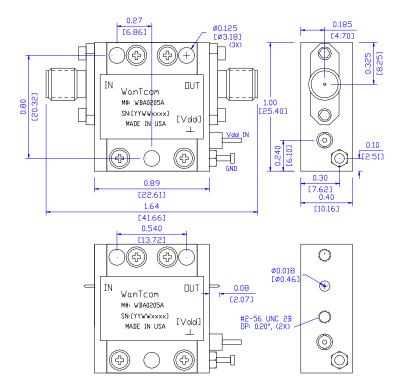


Outline, WP-11 Housing

UNITS: INCH [mm] BODY: Brass

Finish: Gold Plating RF Connector: SMA F Gold V_{dd} PWR: Feed through

V_{dd} IN feed thru and GND turret are not installed for -BT versions



Application Notes:

A. SMA Torque Wrench Selection

Always use a torque wrench with $5 \sim 6$ inch-lb coupling torque setting for mating the SMA cables to the amplifier. Never use torque more than 8 inch-lb wrench for tightening the mating cable to the connector. Otherwise, the permanent damage will occur to the SMA connectors of the amplifier. 8710-1582 (5 inch-lb) is one of the ideal torque wrench choice from Agilent Technology.

B. DC Power Line Connection

Strip the insulation layer at the end of DC power supply wire. The stripped distance should be in the range of 0.100" to 0.200". The 24 ~ 26 American Wire Gauge wire is suitable. Wound the stripped terminal wire about 1 turn on the DC feed thru center pin. Solder the wounded wire and the center pin together. Clean the soldering area by Q-tip with alcohol to remove the flux and residue. Never use too large soldering iron tip and too high temperature soldering this DC power line. Too hot tip will damage the feed thru and causes permanent damage to the amplifier.

Repeat the process to solder the DC return wire on the ground turret.

C. Mounting the Amplifier

Use three pieces of #4-40 with longer than 9/16" screws for mounting the amplifier on a metal-based chase. Flat and spring washers are needed to prevent the screw loosening during the shock and vibration. Always use the appropriate torque setting of the power screwdriver to mount them.
