Key Features



- 20 ~ 700 MHz
- 3.2 dB noise figure
- 48.0 dBm output IP₃
- 16.5 dB Gain
- +/-0.2 dB Gain Flatness
- 30 dBm P_{1dB}
- 10 dB Min Return Losses
- Surface Mount Package
- >68 Years MTBF
- RoHS Compliant
- MLS-1 Moisture Sensitivity Level

Product Description

WHM005-15AE integrates WanTcom proprietary low noise amplifier technologies, high frequency micro electronic assembly techniques, and high reliability designs to realize optimum low noise figure, wideband, and high performances together. The amplifier has optimal input and output matching in the specified frequency range at 50-Ohm impedance system. The amplifier has standard 0.40" x 0.20" x 0.085" surface mount package.

The amplifier is designed to meet the rugged standard of MIL-STD-883.

Applications

Mobile Infrastructures

REV C May. 2013

- UHF/VHF
- CATV/DBS
- Defense
- Security System
- Measurement
- Fixed Wireless



Specifications

Summary of the key electrical specifications at room temperature

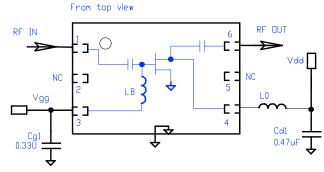
| Index | Testing Item | Symbol | Test Constraints | Min | Nom | Max | Unit |
|-------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--|------|--------|--------|------|
| 1 | Gain | S ₂₁ | 20 – 700 MHz | 15.8 | 16.5 | 17.2 | dB |
| 2 | Gain Variation | ΔG | 20 – 700 MHz | | +/-0.2 | +/-0.5 | dB |
| 3 | Input Return Loss | S ₁₁ | 20 – 700 MHz | 10 | | | dB |
| 4 | Output Return Loss | S ₂₂ | 20 – 700 MHz | 10 | | | dB |
| 5 | Reverse Isolation | S ₁₂ | 20 – 700 MHz | 25 | | | dB |
| 6 | Noise Figure | NF | 20 – 700 MHz, Vdd = 8.0V, ldd = 210 mA | | 3.2 | | dB |
| 7 | Output Power 1dB Compression Point | P _{1dB} | 20 – 700 MHz, Vdd = 10.0V, ldd = 210 mA | 28 | 30 | | dBm |
| 8 | Output-Third-Order Interception Point | IP ₃ | Two-Tone, P _{out} = 10 dBm each, 1 MHz separation | 43 | 48 | | dBm |
| 9 | Current Consumption | I _{dd} | V _{dd} = +10.0 V | | 210 | | mA |
| 10 | Power Supply Voltage, Positive | V_{dd} | | +6 | +10 | +12 | V |
| 11 | Power Supply Voltage, Negative | V_{gg} | For normal operation | -2.5 | -1.5 | -0.5 | V |
| 12 | Thermal Resistance | R _{th,c} | Junction to case | | | 32 | °C/W |
| 13 | Operating Temperature | To | | -40 | | +85 | °C |
| 14 | Maximum RF CW Input Power | P _{IN. MAX} | DC - 6.0 GHz | | | 20 | dBm |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameters | Units | Ratings |
|-------------------------|-------|-----------|
| DC Power Supply Voltage | V | 12 |
| Drain Current | mA | 300 |
| Total Power Dissipation | W | 3.0 |
| RF CW Input Power | dBm | 20 |
| Channel Temperature | °C | 160 |
| Storage Temperature | °C | -65 ~ 150 |
| Operating Temperature | °C | -40 ~ +85 |

Operation beyond any one of these parameters may cause permanent damage.

Block Diagram



Important: Sequencing bias circuit required to Vgg and Vdd!

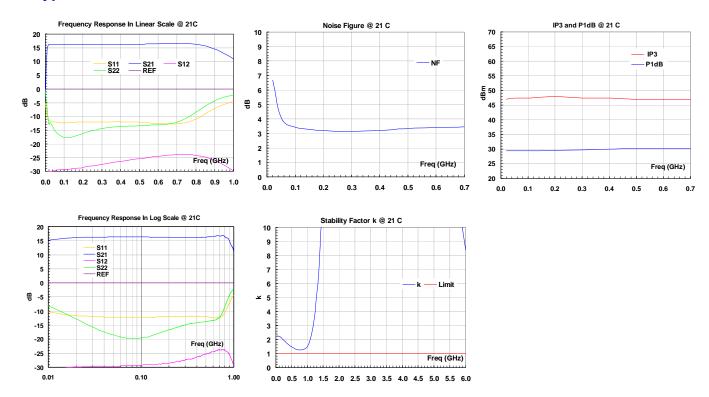
Adjust Vgg for the specified DC bias current

Ordering Information

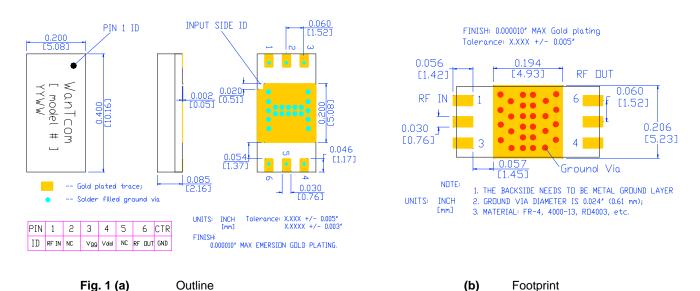
Model Number WHM005-15AE

ESD resistant tube with the capacity of 10 pieces is used for the packing. Contact factory for tape and reel packing option for higher volume order.

Typical Data



Outline and Foot Print, WHM-3



Application Notes:

A. Motherboard Layout/Footprint

The recommended motherboard layout is shown in **Fig. 1, (b)**. Sufficient numbers of ground vias on the motherboard are essential for the RF grounding and thermal dissipation. Solder filled vias are recommended for maximum heat dissipation purpose. The width of the 50-Ohm microstrip lines at the input and output RF ports may be different for different property of the substrate. The ground plane is needed to connect the center ground pad of the device through the ground vias. The ground plane is also essential for the 50-Ohm microstrip line launches at the input and output ports.

B. DC Bias Sequence

Always bias the V_{gg} of the negative voltage first at Pin 3 before applying V_{dd} at Pin 4 through an RF choke. Always disconnect V_{dd} first before disconnecting $V_{\alpha\alpha}$.

C. L0, the RF choke

L0, the RF choke at the V_{dd} path, needs to have the DC current rating of better than 1.5 time of the specified operating DC current and the parasitic resonance free inside the passband.

D. Assembly

The regular low temperature and no clean flux solder paste such as SN63Pb37 is recommended. The high temperature solder has been used for the WHM series amplifier internal assembly itself. The melting temperature point of the high temperature solder is around 217 \sim 220 $^{\circ}$ C. Thus, melting temperature of the solder paste should be below 215 $^{\circ}$ C for assembling WHM series amplifier on the test board to reduce the possible damage. The temperature melting point of the SN63Pb37 solder paste is around 183 $^{\circ}$ C and is suitable for the assembly purpose.

The SN63Pb37 solder paste can be dispensed by a needle manually or driven by a compressed air. **Figure 2** shows the example of the bare test board, the dispensed solder paste pattern, and the placed WHM0715AE on the test board. Each solder paste dot is in about diameter of 0.005" ~ 0.010" (0.125 ~ 0.250 mm).

For higher volume assembly, a production solder paste stencil with 0.006" (0.15 mm) is recommended to print the solder paste on the circuit board.

For more detail assembly process, refer to AN-109 at www.wantcominc.com website.

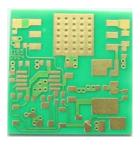


Fig. 2 (a)



(b)



(c)

E. Heat Sink

Sufficient heat sink is required. The assembled part shall be mounted on a heat sink securely. Thermal compound is needed between the heat sink surface and the backside of the motherboard of the assembly.
