



# WHM1045LE

## 1.0 – 4.2 GHz LOW NOISE WIDE BAND LIMITER AMPLIFIER

REV B  
March 2011

### Key Features



- 1.0 ~ 4.2 GHz
- 1.25 dB Noise Figure
- 30.0 dBm Max  $P_{IN}$
- 26.0 dBm Output  $IP_3$
- 26.0 dB Gain
- 15.0 dBm  $P_{1dB}$
- 1.5:1 VSWR Fully Matched
- Unconditional Stable,  $k > 1$
- Single Power Supply
- >68 Years MTBF
- RoHS Compliant
- MLS-1 Moisture Sensitivity Level

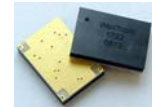
### Product Description

WHM1045LE integrates WanTcom proprietary low noise amplifier technologies, high frequency micro electronic assembly techniques, and high reliability designs to realize optimum low noise figure, wideband, and high performances together. With single +5.0V DC operation, the amplifier has optimal input and output matching in the specified frequency range at 50-Ohm impedance system. The amplifier has standard 0.50" x 0.35" x 0.08" surface mount package.

The amplifier is designed to meet the rugged standard of MIL-STD-883.

### Applications

- Mobile Infrastructures
- GPS
- Satellite
- WiMAX
- Defense
- Security System
- Measurement
- Fixed Wireless



### Specifications

Summary of the key electrical specifications at room temperature

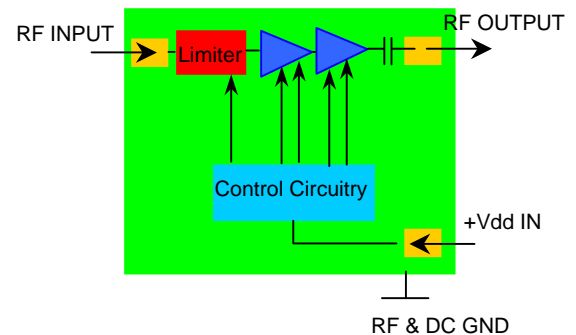
Index	Testing Item	Symbol	Test Constraints	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
1	Gain	$S_{21}$	1.0 – 4.0 GHz	24	26		dB
2	Gain Variation	$\Delta G$	1.0 – 4.0 GHz		+/-0.5	+/- 0.8	dB
3	Input VSWR	$SWR_1$	1.0 – 4.0 GHz		1.5:1	1.8:1	Ratio
4	Output VSWR	$SWR_2$	1.0 – 4.0 GHz		1.5:1	1.6:1	Ratio
5	Reverse Isolation	$S_{12}$	1.0 – 4.0 GHz	40	45		dB
6	Noise Figure	NF	1.0 – 4.0 GHz		1.25	1.6	dB
7	Output Power 1dB Compression Point	$P_{1dB}$	1.0 – 4.0 GHz	14	15		dBm
8	Output-Third-Order Interception point	$IP_3$	Two-Tone, $P_{out} = 0$ dBm each, 1 MHz separation	24	26		dBm
9	Current Consumption	$I_{dd}$	$V_{dd} = +5.0$ V		50		mA
10	Power Supply Operating Voltage	$V_{dd}$		+4.7	+5	+5.3	V
11	Thermal Resistance	$R_{th,c}$	Junction to case			215	$^{\circ}C/W$
12	Operating Temperature	$T_o$		-40		+85	$^{\circ}C$
13	Maximum Average RF Input Power	$P_{IN,MAX}$	DC – 6.0 GHz			30	dBm

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	Units	Ratings
DC Power Supply Voltage	V	7.0
Drain Current	mA	80
Total Power Dissipation	mW	400
RF Input Power	dBm	30
Channel Temperature	$^{\circ}C$	150
Storage Temperature	$^{\circ}C$	-65 ~ 150
Operating Temperature	$^{\circ}C$	-55 ~ +100
Thermal Resistance <sup>1</sup>	$^{\circ}C/W$	215

Operation of this device beyond any one of these parameters may cause permanent damage.

### Functional Block Diagram



<sup>1</sup> The last stage transistor dominates the heat dissipation. The drain bias voltage is +3.5V and the drain current is 30.0 mA. The total power dissipation of the last stage transistor is thus 105 mW. The junction temperature rise  $0.105 \times 215 = 23 (^{\circ}C)$ .

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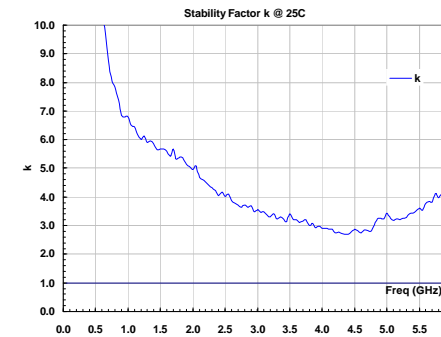
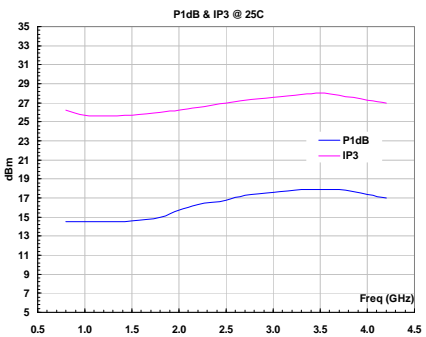
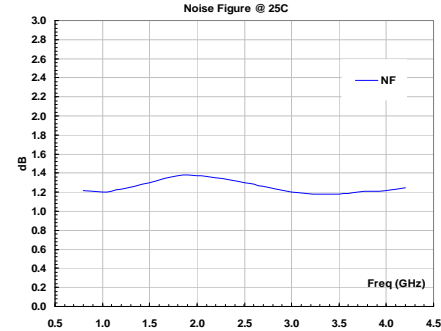
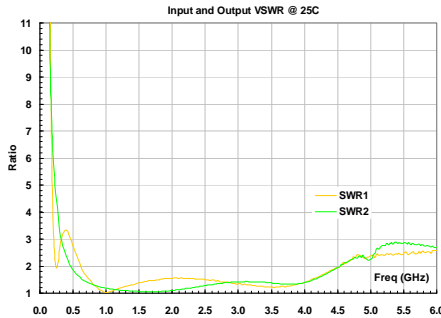
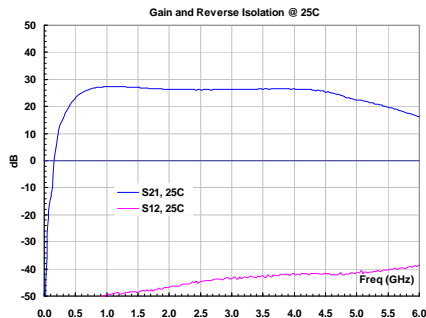
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### Ordering Information

Model Number	WHM1045LE
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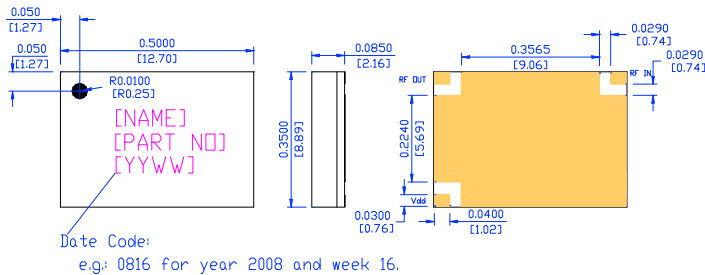
ESD tube is used for the packing. Contact factory for tape and reel packing option for higher volume order.

### Typical Data



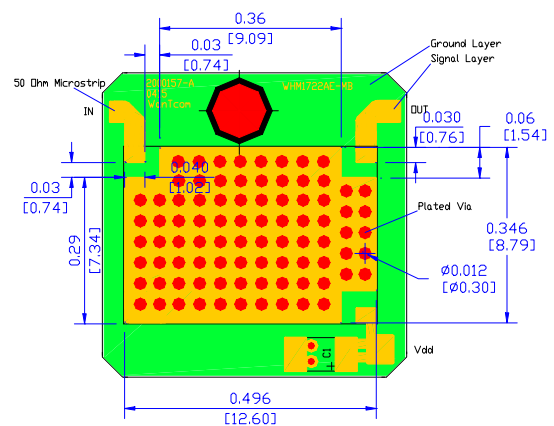
\*The measured noise figure includes the WP-5 test fixture and motherboard.

### Outline, WHM-4



DO NOT SCALE!

### Foot Print/Mounting Layout



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### Small Signal S-Parameters:

! WHM1045LE, +25C, S-parameters at  $V_{dd}=5V$ ,  $I_{dd}=50mA$ , including WP-5 test fixture, last updated 3/29/08.

# GHZ s MA R 50

!Freq(GHz)	MAGS11	ANGS11	MAGS21	ANGS21	MAGS12	ANGS12	MAGS22	ANGS22
0.05	0.97	-20.7	0.05	-98.7	0.00004	-155.0	0.99	-22.5
0.1	0.93	-40.7	0.21	-139.1	0.00013	156.3	0.92	-45.2
0.3	0.45	-68.6	5.97	137.6	0.00052	157.2	0.54	-117.1
0.5	0.47	-132.5	14.45	63.6	0.00171	116.6	0.3	-170.7
0.7	0.24	172.4	20.39	2.4	0.00257	77.4	0.17	144.5
0.8	0.15	150.2	21.89	-23.0	0.00282	64.1	0.13	123.2
0.9	0.07	131.6	22.77	-46.2	0.00317	49.7	0.11	102.3
<b>1</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>175.5</b>	<b>23.14</b>	<b>-67.5</b>	<b>0.00317</b>	<b>40.0</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>80.8</b>
<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.04</b>	<b>-95.1</b>	<b>23.34</b>	<b>-86.9</b>	<b>0.00332</b>	<b>30.7</b>	<b>0.07</b>	<b>59.0</b>
<b>1.2</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>-101.8</b>	<b>23.17</b>	<b>-105.2</b>	<b>0.00358</b>	<b>24.2</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>37.8</b>
<b>1.3</b>	<b>0.11</b>	<b>-120.3</b>	<b>22.93</b>	<b>-122.6</b>	<b>0.00366</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>16.4</b>
<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.14</b>	<b>-134.0</b>	<b>22.62</b>	<b>-139.2</b>	<b>0.00373</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>0.04</b>	<b>-3.1</b>
<b>1.5</b>	<b>0.16</b>	<b>-146.9</b>	<b>22.34</b>	<b>-155.1</b>	<b>0.00386</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>0.03</b>	<b>-20.0</b>
<b>1.6</b>	<b>0.18</b>	<b>-161.2</b>	<b>21.86</b>	<b>-170.1</b>	<b>0.00398</b>	<b>-1.4</b>	<b>0.03</b>	<b>-28.5</b>
<b>1.7</b>	<b>0.19</b>	<b>-172.9</b>	<b>21.52</b>	<b>175.4</b>	<b>0.00397</b>	<b>-5.9</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>-27.6</b>
<b>1.8</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>174.6</b>	<b>21.13</b>	<b>161.3</b>	<b>0.00424</b>	<b>-11.2</b>	<b>0.03</b>	<b>-24.4</b>
<b>1.9</b>	<b>0.21</b>	<b>162.4</b>	<b>20.85</b>	<b>147.4</b>	<b>0.00449</b>	<b>-17.3</b>	<b>0.04</b>	<b>-26.6</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>0.22</b>	<b>149.9</b>	<b>20.7</b>	<b>133.8</b>	<b>0.00467</b>	<b>-21.7</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>-34.7</b>
<b>2.1</b>	<b>0.21</b>	<b>138.1</b>	<b>20.58</b>	<b>120.2</b>	<b>0.00497</b>	<b>-28.1</b>	<b>0.06</b>	<b>-46.3</b>
<b>2.2</b>	<b>0.21</b>	<b>125.0</b>	<b>20.51</b>	<b>107.0</b>	<b>0.00515</b>	<b>-32.3</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>-60.0</b>
<b>2.3</b>	<b>0.21</b>	<b>112.6</b>	<b>20.5</b>	<b>93.5</b>	<b>0.00538</b>	<b>-39.3</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>-74.3</b>
<b>2.4</b>	<b>0.21</b>	<b>102.5</b>	<b>20.59</b>	<b>79.9</b>	<b>0.00571</b>	<b>-43.2</b>	<b>0.11</b>	<b>-89.8</b>
<b>2.5</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>89.9</b>	<b>20.38</b>	<b>66.8</b>	<b>0.00582</b>	<b>-51.3</b>	<b>0.12</b>	<b>-104.5</b>
<b>2.6</b>	<b>0.19</b>	<b>79.0</b>	<b>20.48</b>	<b>53.1</b>	<b>0.00603</b>	<b>-57.4</b>	<b>0.14</b>	<b>-119.8</b>
<b>2.7</b>	<b>0.18</b>	<b>66.2</b>	<b>20.59</b>	<b>39.2</b>	<b>0.00625</b>	<b>-63.2</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>-134.8</b>
<b>2.8</b>	<b>0.17</b>	<b>54.4</b>	<b>20.53</b>	<b>26.4</b>	<b>0.00629</b>	<b>-71.3</b>	<b>0.16</b>	<b>-149.0</b>
<b>2.9</b>	<b>0.16</b>	<b>42.2</b>	<b>20.66</b>	<b>12.8</b>	<b>0.0063</b>	<b>-80.4</b>	<b>0.17</b>	<b>-163.2</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>20.67</b>	<b>-0.8</b>	<b>0.00656</b>	<b>-87.4</b>	<b>0.17</b>	<b>-176.4</b>
<b>3.1</b>	<b>0.14</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>20.63</b>	<b>-14.4</b>	<b>0.00674</b>	<b>-94.4</b>	<b>0.18</b>	<b>171.1</b>
<b>3.2</b>	<b>0.12</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>20.8</b>	<b>-27.7</b>	<b>0.00707</b>	<b>-102.7</b>	<b>0.17</b>	<b>158.8</b>
<b>3.3</b>	<b>0.11</b>	<b>-18.2</b>	<b>20.61</b>	<b>-41.3</b>	<b>0.00736</b>	<b>-108.2</b>	<b>0.17</b>	<b>148.4</b>
<b>3.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-36.0</b>	<b>20.83</b>	<b>-56.0</b>	<b>0.00731</b>	<b>-117.7</b>	<b>0.17</b>	<b>138.5</b>
<b>3.5</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-61.9</b>	<b>20.84</b>	<b>-70.3</b>	<b>0.00692</b>	<b>-124.8</b>	<b>0.16</b>	<b>130.6</b>
<b>3.6</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>-84.1</b>	<b>20.76</b>	<b>-85.1</b>	<b>0.00745</b>	<b>-129.8</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>123.9</b>
<b>3.7</b>	<b>0.11</b>	<b>-111.7</b>	<b>21.09</b>	<b>-99.2</b>	<b>0.00748</b>	<b>-140.0</b>	<b>0.14</b>	<b>120.0</b>
<b>3.8</b>	<b>0.12</b>	<b>-136.3</b>	<b>21.19</b>	<b>-113.9</b>	<b>0.00782</b>	<b>-147.0</b>	<b>0.14</b>	<b>118.9</b>
<b>3.9</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>-160.8</b>	<b>21.34</b>	<b>-129.2</b>	<b>0.00795</b>	<b>-156.3</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>117.8</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>0.16</b>	<b>-179.9</b>	<b>21.04</b>	<b>-144.6</b>	<b>0.00801</b>	<b>-162.8</b>	<b>0.16</b>	<b>118.0</b>
4.2	0.23	146.5	20.58	-175.6	0.00828	177.0	0.22	110.5
4.5	0.32	99.0	18.53	134.9	0.00778	150.7	0.33	80.5
5	0.4	26.6	13.12	58.6	0.0082	106.6	0.38	25.9
5.5	0.42	-36.9	9.71	-16.9	0.00946	63.7	0.48	-40.8
6	0.44	-109.3	6.5	-90.3	0.012	13.2	0.46	-111.4

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### Application Notes:

#### A. Motherboard Layout

The recommended motherboard layout is shown in diagram of [Foot Print/Mounting Layout](#). Sufficient numbers of ground vias on center ground pad are essential for the RF grounding. The width of the 50-Ohm microstrip lines at the input and output RF ports may be different for different property of the substrate. The ground plane on the backside of the substrate is needed to connect the center ground pad through the vias. The ground plane is also essential for the 50-Ohm microstrip line launches at the input and output ports.

The +5V DC voltage is applied at Pin  $V_{dd}$ . There is a built-in 0.33 uF de-coupling capacitor and no external capacitor is required. For +5V line trace length being longer than 6 inches without a decoupling capacitor, a 0.33 uF de-coupling capacitor,  $C_1$ , with minimum rating voltage of 10V is needed across the +5V pin to ground. The capacitor must be rated in the temperature range of -55 °C to 100 °C to ensure the entire circuit work in the specified temperature range.

No DC block capacitor is required at input and output RF ports. The NC pins connecting to ground are recommended.

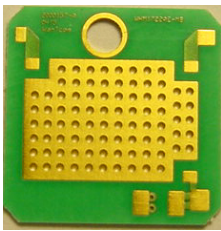


Fig. 1 Example of the motherboard



Fig. 2 Dispensed solder paste



Fig. 3 Assembled part

#### B. Assembly

The regular low temperature and none clean solder paste such as SN63 is recommended. The high temperature solder has been used internally for the WHM series amplifier assembly. The melting temperature point of the high temperature solder is around 217 ~ 220 °C. Thus, melting temperature of the solder paste should be below 217 °C for assembling WHM series amplifier on the test board to reduce the possible damage. The temperature melting point of the SN63 solder paste is around 183 °C and is suitable for the assembly purpose.

The SN63 solder paste can be dispensed by a needle manually or driven by a compressed air. **Figure 2** shows the example of the dispensed solder paste pattern. Each solder paste dot is in the diameter of 0.005" ~ 0.010" (0.125 ~ 0.250 mm).

For volume assembly, a stencil with 0.004" (0.10 mm) is recommended to print the solder paste on the circuit board.

For more detail assembly process, refer to AN-109 at [www.wantcominc.com](http://www.wantcominc.com) website.

#### C. Electrical Testing and Fine Tuning

The amplifier is designed to be fully matched at the input and output ports. Any tuning is not needed. However, when connecting the assembled amplifier to a device such as a SMA connector or a filter, the connecting point or joint point could affect mainly the return loss at the port due to the non-ideal 50-Ohm impedance of the device. By varying the connection feature size such as the solder amount to get the optimum return loss or best matching result at the interface. This fine-tuning has little affect on the other performance such as gain, noise figure,  $P_{1dB}$ , or  $IP_3$ .

During the fine-tuning process, a vector network analyzer can be used to monitoring the return loss at the port while varying the feature size of the joint point. Varying the connection feature size until the optimum return loss is achieved.

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